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SIMATIC

# ET 200S distributed I/O 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

Manual

#### Safety Guidelines

This manual contains notices you have to observe in order to ensure your personal safety, as well as to prevent damage to property. The notices referring to your personal safety are highlighted in the manual by a safety alert symbol, notices referring only to property damage have no safety alert symbol. These notices shown below are graded according to the degree of danger.

#### DANGER

indicates that death or severe personal injury will result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### 

indicates that death or severe personal injury may result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### 

with a safety alert symbol, indicates that minor personal injury can result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### CAUTION

without a safety alert symbol, indicates that property damage can result if proper precautions are not taken.

#### NOTICE

indicates that an unintended result or situation can occur if the corresponding information is not taken into account.

If more than one degree of danger is present, the warning notice representing the highest degree of danger will be used. A notice warning of injury to persons with a safety alert symbol may also include a warning relating to property damage.

#### **Qualified Personnel**

The device/system may only be set up and used in conjunction with this documentation. Commissioning and operation of a device/system may only be performed by **qualified personnel**. Within the context of the safety notes in this documentation qualified persons are defined as persons who are authorized to commission, ground and label devices, systems and circuits in accordance with established safety practices and standards.

#### **Prescribed Usage**

Note the following:

#### 

This device may only be used for the applications described in the catalog or the technical description and only in connection with devices or components from other manufacturers which have been approved or recommended by Siemens. Correct, reliable operation of the product requires proper transport, storage, positioning and assembly as well as careful operation and maintenance.

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We have reviewed the contents of this publication to ensure consistency with the hardware and software described. Since variance cannot be precluded entirely, we cannot guarantee full consistency. However, the information in this publication is reviewed regularly and any necessary corrections are included in subsequent editions.

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## Preface

#### Purpose of the manual

This manual supplements the *ET 200S Distributed I/O System* Operating Instructions. General functions for the ET 200S are described in the *ET 200S Distributed I/O System* Operating Instructions.

The information in this document along with the operating instructions enables you to commission the ET 200S.

#### Basic knowledge requirements

To understand these operating instructions you should have general knowledge of automation engineering.

#### Scope of the manual

This manual applies to this ET 200S module. It describes the components that are valid at the time of publication.

### Recycling and disposal

Thanks to the fact that it is low in contaminants, this ET 200S module is recyclable. For environmentally compliant recycling and disposal of your electronic waste, please contact a company certified for the disposal of electronic waste.

#### Additional support

If you have any questions relating to the products described in these operating instructions, and do not find the answers in this document, please contact your local Siemens representative.

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## **Training center**

We offer courses to help you get started with the ET 200S and the SIMATIC S7 automation system. Please contact your regional training center or the central training center in D - 90327, Nuremberg, Germany. Phone: +49 (911) 895-3200.

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- Information about on-site services, repairs, spare parts. Lots more can be found on our "Services" pages.

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# **Properties**

## 1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

## Properties

- 2 inputs for measuring current
- Input ranges:
  - ± 20 mA, resolution 15 bits + sign
  - 4 mA to 20 mA, resolution 15 bits
- Isolated from the load voltage L+
- Permitted common-mode voltage between the channels 100 VAC
- Supports two-wire or four-wire measuring transducers
- Supports isochronous operation
  - Minimum time for the isochronous DP cycle (T<sub>DPmin</sub>): 0.7 ms
  - Minimum conversion time of the input modules: (T<sub>WEmin</sub>): 0.5 ms
- Supports I&M functions
- Extended temperature range from 0 to 50°C with vertical installation

## General terminal assignment

#### Note

Terminals 4, 8, A4, A8, A3 and A7 are only available at specified terminal modules.

## Properties

1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

		Terminal a	ssignment for	the 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)								
Terminal	Assignment	Terminal	Assignment	Notes								
1	M <sub>0+</sub>	5	M <sub>1+</sub>	for 2-wire transducer:								
2	M <sub>0-</sub>	6	M <sub>1-</sub>	<ul> <li>M<sub>n+</sub>: Input signal "-", Channel n</li> </ul>								
3	L+	7	L+	Mn-: Connect to L-								
4	L-	8	L-	L+: Input signal "+", Channel n								
A4	AUX1	A8	AUX1	<ul> <li>AUX1: Protective-conductor terminal or potential bus (freely us up to 230 VAC)</li> </ul>								
A3	AUX1	A7	AUX1	<ul> <li>For 4-wire transducer:</li> <li>M<sub>n</sub>+: Input signal "+", Channel n</li> <li>M<sub>n</sub>-: Input signal "-", Channel n</li> <li>L+: Power supply for four-wire measuring transducer</li> <li>L-: Return circuit for measuring transducer supply</li> <li>AUX1: Protective-conductor terminal or potential bus (freely usable up to 230 VAC)</li> </ul>								

## Usable terminal modules

	Usable terminal m	odules for the 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)
TM-E15C26-A1 (6ES7193-4CA50- 0AA0)	TM-E15C24-01 (6ES7193-4CB30- 0AA0)	Spring terminal
TM-E15S26-A1 (6ES7193-4CA40- 0AA0)	TM-E15S24-01 (6ES7193-4CB20- 0AA0)	Screw-type terminal
TM-E15N26-A1 (6ES7193-4CA80- 0AA0)	TM-E15N24-01 (6ES7193-4CB70- 0AA0)	Fast Connect
AUX1 AUX1	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 0 \hline \hline$	Wiring examples 2-wire 2-wire transducer M+ H- L+ L+ L+ L+ L+ L+ L+ L+ L+ L+

```
Properties
```

1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

## Block diagram

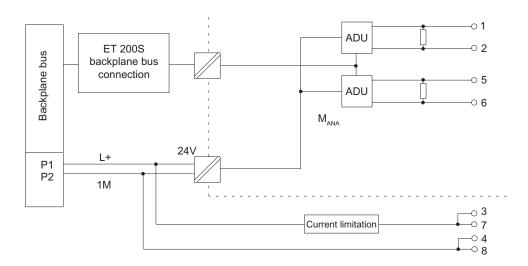


Figure 1-1 Block diagram of the 2AI I 2/4WIRE HF

## 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0) technical data

Dimensions and weight										
Width (mm)	15									
Weight	Approx. 45 g									
Module-specific data										
Supports isochronous operation <sup>1</sup>	Yes									
Supports I&M functions	Yes									
Number of inputs	2									
Cable length										
Shielded	Max. 200 m									
Parameter length	12 bytes									
Address space	4 bytes									
Analog value representation	S5 and S7 format									
<sup>1</sup> Supported if no interference frequency suppress	ion or smoothing is configured.									
Voltages, cur	rents, potentials									
Rated load voltage L+ (from the power module)	24 VDC									
Reverse polarity protection	Yes									
Power supply of the transducers	Yes									
Short-circuit protection	Yes, 60 mA (for both channels)									
Electrical isolation										
Between the channels and backplane bus	Yes									
Between the modules and load voltage L+	No, with 2WIRE									
	Yes, with 4WIRE									
Between the channels	No									

## Properties

1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

Permissible potential difference			
• Between channels (U <sub>CM</sub> )	140 VDC/100 VA for the measuring	•	power supply
• Between M <sub>ANA</sub> and the central grounding point (U <sub>ISO</sub> )	75 V DC/60 V A0	C	
Insulation tested	500 VDC		
Current consumption			
• From the load voltage L+ (no encoder supply)	Max. 48 mA		
Power dissipation of the module	Typically 1.2 W		
Status, interrup	ots, diagnostics		
Diagnostics function			
Group error	Red "SF" LED		
Diagnostic functions readable	Yes		
Process interrupts <sup>2</sup>	Configurable, vic	lation of upper a	and lower limits
<sup>2</sup> Process interrupts are only sent if the process inter	errupt mechanism	is not overloade	ed.
Analog value	e generation		
Measuring principle	Sigma-Delta		
Conversion and cycle time:			
Integration time can be assigned parameters	Yes		
<ul> <li>Interference frequency suppression in Hz</li> </ul>	60	50	No
<ul> <li>Conversion time in ms (per channel)</li> </ul>	17	20	0,04
Cycle time of the module in ms (per module)	18	21	0,5
Resolution	±20 mA/15 bits +	⊦ sign	
	4 to 20 mA/15 bi	ts	
Suppression of interfe	erence, limits of e	rror	
Noise suppression for $f = n x (f1 \pm 0.5\%)$ , (f1 = interference frequency)			
<ul> <li>Common-mode interference (Uss)</li> </ul>	Min. 100 dB		
Series-mode interference	Min. 90 dB		
(peak interference value < rated value of input range)			
Crosstalk between the inputs	Min100 dB		
Operational limit	±0.1% with interf		
(in the entire temperature range, with reference to the input range)	±0.2% without in suppression	terterence freque	ency
Intrinsic error limit	±0.05% with inte	rference frequer	ncv suppression
(operational limit at 25°C)	±0.1% with interf		
Temperature error (with reference to the input range)	± 0.003 %/K		
Linearity error (with reference to the input range)	± 0,01 %		
Repeatability (in steady state at 25°C with reference to input range)	± 0,01 %		

1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

Data for	selecting a sensor				
Input range (rated value)/input resistance					
Current	Approx. 44 $\Omega$				
Permitted input current (destruction limit)	Approx. 50 mA (	can be limited electronically)			
Load of the two-wire transmitter:	Max. 750 Ω				
Smoothing of the measured values	Yes, can be assigned parameters in 4 step means of digital filtering				
	Step	Time constant			
	None	1 x cycle time			
	Weak	4 x cycle time			
	Medium	16 x cycle time			
	Strong	32 x cycle time			

## **I&M** functions

The I&M data can be read from the module using interface modules with the following order numbers or firmware/product versions (or higher):

Interface module	Order number	Firmware version	Product version
IM151-1 HIGH FEATURE	6ES7151-1BA01-0AB0	V2.0	02
IM151-3 PN	6ES7151-3AA20-0AB0	V4.0	01
IM151-3 PN HIGH FEATURE	6ES7151-3AA20-0AB0	V4.0	01
IM151-3 PN FO	6ES7151-3BB21-0AB0	V4.0	01

## Properties

1.1 2AI 2/4WIRE HF analog electronic module (6ES7134-4MB02-0AB0)

# 2

# Parameters

## 2.1 Parameters

Table 2-1 Parameters for analog input module

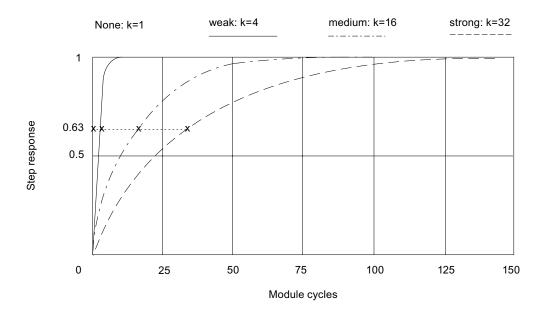
2AI I 2/4WIRE HF	Range of values	Default setting	Applicability
Group diagnostics (parameter assignment error,	Disable	Disable	Module
internal error)	Enable		
Diagnostics: Overflow/underflow	Disable	Disable	Module
	Enable		
Diagnostics: Wire break <sup>1</sup>	Disable	Disable	Channel
	Enable		
Smoothing <sup>2</sup>	None	None	Channel
	Weak		
	Medium		
	Strong		
Type/range of measurement	Deactivated	4 to 20 mA, 4-wire	Channel
	• 4 to 20 mA, 2-wire transmitter	transmitter	
	• 4 to 20 mA, 4-wire transmitter		
	• ± 20 mA		
Interference frequency suppression <sup>2</sup>	Disable	Disable	Module
	Enable		
<sup>1</sup> Only in the measuring range 4 to 20 mA			
<sup>2</sup> Not with isochronous mode			

## 2.2 Parameter description

## Smoothing

The individual measured values are smoothed by digital filtering. The smoothing can be adjusted in four steps, in which the smoothing factor k multiplied with cycle time of the electronic module equals the time constant of the smoothing filter. The greater the smoothing, the greater the time constant of the filter.

The following diagrams show the step response with the various smoothing factors in relation to the number of module cycles.



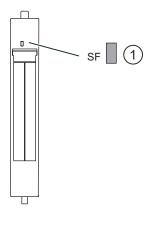
#### Interference frequency suppression

The 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF analog input module supports the setting of interference frequency suppression (50 Hz or 60 Hz) on the interface module. This analog input module (HIGH FEATURE) also enables the interference frequency suppression to be disabled; i.e., this setting can be ignored on the interface module. Disabling interference suppression improves the conversion and cycle times in these modules.

# Diagnostics

## 3.1 Diagnostics using LED display





① Batch error (red)

## Status and error displays

Event (LED)	Cause	Remedy
SF		
On	No configuration or incorrect module plugged in. No load voltage.present There is a diagnostic message.	Check the parameter assignment. Check the load voltage. Evaluate the diagnostics.

3.2 Error types

## 3.2 Error types

## Analog input module error types

	Error type	Meaning	Remedy
16 <sub>D</sub>	10000: Parameter assignment error	Module cannot use the parameter for the channel:	Correct the configuration (align actual and set configuration).
	Inserted module does not match the one configured.		Correct the parameter assignment (wire break
		diagnostics only parameterized for the permitted measuring ranges).	
9 <sub>D</sub>	01001: Error	Internal module error (diagnostic message at channel 0 applies to the entire module)	Replace the module.
7 <sub>D</sub>	00111: Upper limit exceeded	Value is above the overshoot range.	Correct the module/final controlling element tuning.
<b>8</b> D	01000: Lower limit value undershot	Value is below the underrange.	Correct the module/final controlling element tuning.
6 <sub>D</sub>	00110: Open circuit	Line to the encoder interrupted.	Correct the process wiring.

#### Table 3-1 Error types

# 4

# Analog value representation

## 4.1 Introduction

### Electronic modules with analog outputs

With the electronic module with analog inputs, continuously variable signals, such as those occurring in temperature measurement and resistance measurement, can be acquired, evaluated, and converted to digital values for further processing.

## 4.2 Analog value representation for measuring range with SIMATIC S7

#### Analog value representation

With the same nominal range, the digitized analog value is the same for input and output values. Analog values are represented in two's complement.

The following table shows the analog value representation of the analog electronic modules.

Resolution		Analog value														
Bit number	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Significance of the bits	S	214	2 <sup>13</sup>	2 <sup>12</sup>	2 <sup>11</sup>	2 <sup>10</sup>	2 <sup>9</sup>	28	27	2 <sup>6</sup>	25	24	2 <sup>3</sup>	2 <sup>2</sup>	2 <sup>1</sup>	20

Table 4-1 Analog value representation (SIMATIC S7 format)

#### Sign

The sign (S) of the analog value is always in bit number 15:

- "0" → +
- "1" → -

#### 4.3 Measuring ranges

## Output value

The following table shows the representation of the binary analog values and the corresponding decimal and hexadecimal representation of the units of the analog values.

The table below shows the resolutions 11, 12, 13, and 15 bit + sign. Each analog value is entered left aligned in the ACCU. The bits marked with "x" are set to "0".

Resolution in bits	Units		Analog value	
	Decimal	Hexadecimal	High byte	Low byte
11+S	16	10 <sub>H</sub>	S000000	001xxxx
12+S	8	8н	S000000	0001xxx
13+S	4	4 <sub>H</sub>	S000000	0 0 0 0 1 x x
15 + sign	1	1н	S000000	000001

Table 4-2 Output values (SIMATIC S7 format)

## 4.3 Measuring ranges

## Introduction

The following tables contain the digitized analog values for the measuring ranges of the analog input modules.

Since the binary representation of the analog values is always the same, these tables only compare the measuring ranges with the units.

## Measuring ranges for voltage and current: 4 to 20 mA

Table 4-3 SIMATIC S7 format: Measuring range 4 to 20 mA

Measuring range	U	nits	Range
4 to 20 mA	Decimal	Hexadecimal	
> 22,8142	32767	7FFF <sub>H</sub>	Overflow
22,8142	32511	7EFFн	
:	:	:	Overshoot range
20,0005	27649	6C01н	
20,0000	27648	6С00н	
16,0000	20736	5100н	
:	:	:	Nominal range
4,0000	0	Он	
3,9995	-1	FFFFH	
	:	:	Underrange
1,1852	-4864	ED00H	
< 1,1852	-32768	8000 <sub>H</sub>	Underflow

## Current measuring range: ± 20 mA

Table 4-4	CIMATIC C7 formati Magguring range + 20 mA
1 able 4-4	SIMATIC S7 format: Measuring range ± 20 mA

Measuring range ± 20 mA	U	nits	Range
	Decimal	Hexadecimal	
> 23,5150	32767	7FFF <sub>H</sub>	Overflow
23,5150	32511	7EFFн	
:	:	:	Overshoot range
20,0007	27649	6C01н	
20,0000	27648	6C00 <sub>Н</sub>	
14,9980	20736	5100н	
:	:	:	Nominal range
-14,9980	-20736	AF00H	
-20,0000	-27648	9400 <sub>H</sub>	
-20,0007	-27649	93FFн	
:	:	:	Underrange
-23,5160	-32512	8100н	
< -23,5160	-32768	8000н	Underflow

## Measured values in the event of a wire break in relation to enabled diagnostics

The following additional information applies to the current measuring range 4 to 20 mA:

Table 4-5	Measured values in the event of a wire break in relation to enabled diagnostics

Format		Parameter assignment <sup>1</sup>	Measured values		Description	
			Decimal	Hexadecimal		
S7	٠	"Wire break" diagnostics enabled	32767	7FFFн	• "Open circuit" diagnostic message	
	•	"Wire break" diagnostics disabled "Overflow/underflow" diagnostics enabled	-32767	8000H	<ul> <li>Measured value after leaving the underrange</li> <li>"Lower limit value undershot" diagnostic message</li> </ul>	
	•	"Wire break" diagnostics disabled "Overflow/underflow" diagnostics disabled	-32767	8000 <sub>H</sub>	Measured value after leaving the underrange	

4.4 Effect on analog value representation

## 4.4 Effect on analog value representation

## 4.4.1 Effect of the supply voltage and the operating state on analog input values

The input values of the analog modules are dependent on the supply voltage for electronics/encoders and on the operating state of the PLC (CPU of the DP master). This is illustrated by the table below.

Table 4-6Relationship between the analog input values for the operating state of the PLC (CPU of<br/>the DP master) and the supply voltage L+

Operating state of the PLC (CPU of the DP master)		Supply voltage L+ on ET 200S (power module)	Input value of the electronic module with analog inputs (evaluation possible on the CPU of the DP master)
POWER ON	RUN	L+ present	Process values
			7FFF <sub>H</sub> until first conversion after startup, or after assignment of parameters for the module is completed.
		L+ missing	7FFF <sub>H</sub>
POWER ON	STOP	L+ present	Process value
		L+ missing	7FFF <sub>H</sub>
POWER OFF	POWER OFF - L+ present		-
		L+ missing	-

## 4.4.2 Effect of the value range on the 2 AI I 2/4WIRE HF analog input

The way electronic modules respond to analog inputs depends on where the input values fall within the value range. This is illustrated by the table below.

Table 4-7	Response of the analog modules	, depending on where the analog input	value falls within the range of values
-----------	--------------------------------	---------------------------------------	--

Measured value within	Input value in SIMATIC S7 format	Input value in SIMATIC S5 format
Nominal range	Measured value	Measured value
Over-/underrange	Measured value	Measured value
Overflow	7FFF <sub>H</sub>	End of the overshoot range +1 plus overflow bit
Underflow	8000 <sub>H</sub>	End of the underrange -1 plus overflow bit
Prior to parameter assignment, or incorrect parameter assignment	7FFF <sub>H</sub>	7FFF <sub>H</sub>

# 5

# Connecting

## 5.1 Connecting measuring sensors

## Introduction

You can connect different measuring encoders to the analog input module:

- Current transmitters as:
  - 2-wire transmitters
  - 4-wire transmitters

In this chapter you will find out how to connect the measuring encoders and what to watch out for when doing so.

#### Cables for analog signals

You should use shielded and twisted-pair cables for the analog signals. This reduces the effect of interference. You should ground the shield of the analog cables at both ends. If there are differences in potential between the cable ends, an equipotential bonding current that may interfere with the analog signals will flow across the shield. If this is the case, you should only ground the shield at one end of the cable.

#### Analog input modules

The analog input modules are electrically isolated:

- Between the logic and backplane bus
- Between the load voltage and the channels.
  - Electrical isolation: No link between MANA and the central grounding point (UISO)

#### Note

Ensure that this difference in potential  $U_{ISO}$  does not exceed the permitted value. If there is a possibility of exceeding the permitted value, establish a connection between terminal  $M_{ANA}$  and the central grounding point.

5.1 Connecting measuring sensors

## Connecting measuring encoders to analog inputs

There can only be a limited potential difference  $U_{CM}$  (common mode) between the measuring lines of the input channels. To ensure that the permitted value is not exceeded, you must take different steps depending on the whether the encoders are isolated or non-isolated. The steps you have to take are described in this chapter.

## Abbreviations used

The meanings of the abbreviations in the figures below are as follows:

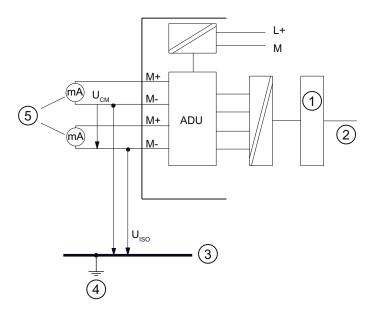
- M+: Measuring line (positive)
- M- Measuring line (negative)
- M Ground connection
- L+ Rated load voltage 24 V DC
- U<sub>CM</sub> Potential difference between inputs and reference potential of the measuring circuit M<sub>ANA</sub>
- UISO Potential difference between MANA and central grounding point

## Isolated measuring encoders

The isolated measuring encoders are not connected to the local ground potential. These can be potential-free. Depending on local conditions or interference, potential differences  $U_{CM}$  (static or dynamic) can occur between the measuring lines M- of the input channels and the reference point of the measuring circuit  $M_{ANA}$ .

The permitted value for  $U_{CM}$  must not be exceeded, even in environments with strong EMC interference.

The following schematic representation illustrates the connection of isolated measuring encoders to the optically isolated analog input modules.



- 1 Logic
- ② Backplane bus
- ③ Ground bus
- ④ Central grounding point
- Isolated measuring encoders

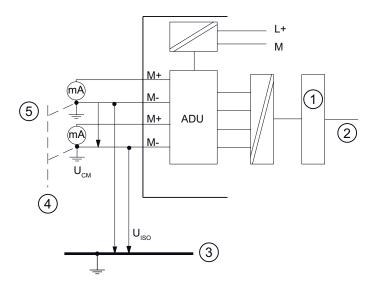
5.1 Connecting measuring sensors

## Non-isolated measuring encoders

The non-isolated measuring encoders are connected to the local ground potential. Depending on local conditions or interference, potential differences  $U_{CM}$  (static or dynamic) can occur between the locally distributed measuring points.

If the permitted value for  $U_{CM}$  is exceeded, there must be equipotential bonding conductors between the measuring points.

The following schematic representation illustrates the connection of non-isolated measuring encoders to an optically isolated analog input module.



- 1 Logic
- ② Backplane bus
- ③ Ground bus
- ④ Equipotential bonding conductor
- S Non-isolated measuring encoders

## Operating four-wire transmitters on an external voltage supply

If there is electrical isolation between the output and the transmitter supply, you can connect the transmitter to the 2 AI I 2/4WIRE without the need for additional connections.

Connecting

5.2 Wiring unused channels of the analog input modules

## 5.2 Wiring unused channels of the analog input modules

## Rules

Pay attention to the following instructions when wiring unused channels:

- "Deactivate" unused input channels when assigning parameters.
- A deactivated channel always returns the value 7FFFH.

## 5.3 Using the shield connection

## Rules

To prevent interference we recommend the following for analog electronic modules:

- Use shielded wires to the sensors and actuators.
- Lay out the wire shields on the shield connection.
- Connect the shield connection to the ground bus with low impedance.

Connecting

5.3 Using the shield connection

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